Identification Key to Campbell Island Freshwater Invertebrates

McMurtrie, Sinton & Winterbourn (2014)

eos Ecology

Ostracoda information sheet

Classification

Subphylum: Crustacea
Class: Ostracoda
Order: Myodocopida
Family: Cypridinidae

Common name: seed shrimp, ostracod

Distinguishing Features

Type 1 (?Eucypris)

- Valves greyish-green, about 2x as long as high; dorsally rounded, the greatest height at about mid length (Fig. 1). Ventral margin shallowly concave. Prominent warts, variably distributed on different individuals present on the valves, particularly on their anterior halves (Fig. 2). The valves have the general shape of those of *Eucypris pratensis*, figured by Chapman *et al.* (2011).
- Antennae with swimming setae; legs 3-segmented, the second pair with very long claws.
- Body length 0.8 mm.

Type 2

- Valves white, speckled with black; less than 2x as long as high; dorsal surface smoothly rounded.
- · Antennae without swimming hairs.
- · Second walking legs with a moderately curved claw.
- Body length up to 0.8 mm.

Comments

No ostracods have been officially described from Campbell Island. However, two species of Cyprinididae have been found on Macquarie Island, including a *Eucypris* species (Greenslade 2006).

Type 1 (?Eucypris): The Eucypris species from Macquarie Island was identified as E. virens Jurine (Greenslade, 2006). In her brief description of the species Greenslade notes that "wart-like protuberances" were present near the anterior margins of the valves, and that E. virens is parthenogenetic. E. virens has also been recorded from Kerguelen Island. Other Eucypris species reported from Subantarctic islands are E. corpulenta (G. O. Sars) (Kerguelen Island) and E. fontana (Graf) (South Orkney and South Georgia islands) (Pugh et al., 2002).

Type 2: Material of this small species collected during the 2010–11 Campbell Island Bicentennial Expedition was difficult to examine as specimens were not well preserved. *Candona* and *Paracypria* are genera containing small white species with antennae lacking swimming hairs and the Campbell Island species may belong in one of them. Another small, rounded species *Cypretta* cf. *seurati* Gauthier has been found on Macquarie Island (Pugh *et al.* 2002).





Original Description

N/A

References & Further Reading

Chapman, M.A., Lewis, M.H. & Winterbourn, M.J. 2011. *Guide to the freshwater Crustacea of New Zealand*. New Zealand Freshwater Sciences Society, Christchurch.

Greenslade, P. 2006. The invertebrates of Macquarie Island. Australian Antarctic Division, Tasmania, Australia.

Pugh, P.J.A., Dartnall, H.J.G. & McInnes, S.J. 2002. The non-marine Crustacea of Antarctica and the islands of the Southern Ocean: biodiversity and biogeography. *Journal of Natural History* 36: 1047–1103

How to Cite this Information Sheet

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Biogeographic Information

Presence/absence on streams, tarns, and a seepage sampled on Campbell Island.

Distribution map based on surveys undertaken by EOS Ecology during the 2010–11 Campbell Island Bicentennial Expedition (www.campbellisland.org.nz). Distribution data © EOS Ecology, 2013.

